

## At least one child in your class could have a mild hearing loss

This can have a **major impact** on all aspects of a child's development, including language and literacy skills, working memory, attention and concentration, and social skills.

Funded by

Department for Education



A child with a mild hearing loss can miss **up to 50%** of what's being said in the classroom.

#### Less than half

of children with a mild hearing loss get five good GCSEs.



of parents of a child with a mild hearing loss feel that their child is behind for their age. But with the **right support** from professionals like **you** they can achieve as well as other children.

## Mild hearing loss has a particularly big impact in the early years.

Adults with a hearing loss can sometimes 'fill in the gaps' of what they've not heard by thinking about the situation, drawing on past experiences and making an educated guess at what someone has said. Younger deaf children can't do this because they haven't had the chance to build up a vocabulary or memory of what someone might say in a particular situation.

### Signs of mild hearing loss in a child

Does not respond when called	Constantly asks for speech to be repeated	Watches faces/ lips intently
Doesn't always follow instructions straightaway	Often misunderstands or ignores instructions	Makes little or no contribution to group discussions
Watches what others are doing before doing it themselves	Complains about not being able to hear	Often needs help from their friends
Tires easily	Talks too loudly or too softly	Becomes easily frustrated
Appears inattentive or as though daydreaming	Plays alone and doesn't engage with group social activities	Remember: mild hearing loss can fluctuate. Children may display some of the above signs on some days but not others.

#### What can you do to help a child with a mild hearing loss?

**Reduce background noise as much as possible,** for example: turn off any equipment – like overhead projectors and computers – when not in use. Shut the door if there is outside background noise. Many of these steps will benefit all the children you work with.

#### Ensure communication is clear and effective.

- Check that you have the child's attention before you start talking.
- Speak clearly and at your normal level and pace speaking too slowly or exaggerating mouth patterns will make you harder to understand as it distorts speech.
- Make sure that the child can see your face clearly putting something in front of your face or turning to write on the whiteboard will make it harder to hear and impossible to lip-read.

Make the most of hearing technology, such as soundfield systems (which project the teacher's voice across the classroom). Be aware that some children may be reluctant to use hearing technology – gently encourage and support them. **Factor in plenty of breaks** as children with mild hearing loss have to concentrate harder than their peers, which can lead to tiredness (more information at www.ndcs.org.uk/tired).

**Check there has been a full assessment of the child's needs,** relating to their hearing loss. Seek advice from a specialist Teacher of the Deaf on this.

# More information

Always talk to the child's parents – they will have lots of ideas and suggestions.



Contact the local specialist education support service for further advice and support from a Teacher of the Deaf.

## Access our resources at www.ndcs.org.uk/education\_resources

- Supporting the achievement of deaf children
- Creating good listening conditions for learning in education
- Advice on the 'Assess, plan, do, review' cycle of support
- Look, Smile, Chat deaf awareness pack
- Video on supporting children with mild hearing loss

### Any questions? We're here to help.

Freephone Helpline: **o8o8 8oo 888o** helpline@ndcs.org.uk www.ndcs.org.uk/livechat

www.ndcs.org.uk

Full references for this booklet are available by emailing informationteam@ndcs.org.uk The National Deaf Children's Society is the leading charity dedicated to creating a world without barriers for deaf children and young people.

Freephone Helpline: **o8o8 8oo 888o** (voice and text)

helpline@ndcs.org.uk

www.ndcs.org.uk/livechat

www.ndcs.org.uk

Funded by



This resource has been developed by the National Deaf Children's Society, with support from the National Sensory Impairment Partnership (NatSIP). NatSIP is funded by the Department for Education (DfE) in England.

Published by the National Deaf Children's Society © October 2015 Next review due: October 2017 Ground Floor South, Castle House, 37-45 Paul Street, London EC2A 4LS Tel: 020 7490 8656 (voice and text) Fax: 020 7251 5020 NDCS is a registered charity in England and Wales no. 1016532 and in Scotland no. SC040779. This publication can be requested in large print or as a text file.

